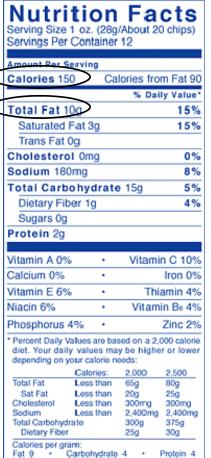
Below are the nutrition facts for original Lays potato chips and Baked Lays. Look at the difference in calories and fat to see how much healthier Baked Lays are for you and your family!







	Nutrition Facts Serving Size 1 oz. (28g/About 11 crisps) Servings Per Container 10				
	Amount Per Serving				
<	Calories 110 Calories from Fat 15				
	% Daily Value*				
	Total Fat 1.5g 2%				
	Saturated Fat 0g 0%				
	Trans Fat 0g				
	Cholesterol 0mg 0%				
	Sodium 150mg 6%				
	Total Carbohydrate 23g 8%				
	Dietary Fiber 2g 6%				
	Sugars 2g				
	Protein 2g				
	Vitamin A 0% • Vitamin C 2%				
	Calcium 4% + Iron 2%				
	Thiamin 4% • Niacin 6%				
	Vitamin B6 4% • Phosphorus 8%				
	Zinc 2%				
	* Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet. Your daily values may be higher or lower depending on your calorie needs: Calories: 2,000 2,500				
	Total Fat Less than 65g 80g Sat Fat Less than 20g 25g				
	Chalesterol Less than 300mg 300mg Sodium Less than 2,400mg 2,400mg				
	Total Carbohydrate 300g 375g Dietary Fiber 25g 30g				
	Calories per gram: Fat 9 • Carbohydrate 4 • Protein 4				



WHAT'S IN YOUR FAVORITE FOODS?

Food labels provide nutrition facts and information about the foods that your family eats.



Reading the food label can help you to increase the healthy nutrients that you want your family to eat, like calcium and fiber. It can also help you eat less of the

nutrients that can be unhealthy, like fat, saturated fat, cholesterol, and sodium.



You can also use the food label to compare foods at the supermarket and choose the healthiest items.

How to Read a Food Label

Pay special attention to the serving size, especially how many servings there are in the food package. In the sample label, one serving of macaroni and cheese equals one cup. If you ate the __whole thing, you would eat **two** cups. That doubles the calories, fats, and everything else, including the Percent Daily Values shown in the sample label.

Most people eat enough or too much fat, saturated fat, trans fat, sodium, or cholesterol. Eating too much of these items may increase your risk of certain chronic diseases, like diabetes, heart disease, some cancers, or high blood pressure. In order to stay healthy, keep your saturated fat, trans fat and cholesterol intake as low as possible.

Foods that have more than 480 milligrams of sodium per serving are considered to be dangerously high in salt and should not be eaten regularly, according to the American Medical Association.

Many people do not eat the recommended amount of dietary fiber, vitamin A, vitamin C, calcium, and iron. Eating enough of these nutrients can improve your health and help reduce the risk of chronic diseases and other conditions.

Use the **Quick Guide to** % **DV** (Daily Values) on the other side of the page to see whether you are getting the right amount of these nutrients.

Bronx Health REACH works with the Bronx faith-based community to improve health and get access to better health care. If you have any questions about Bronx Health REACH, please contact us at 212-633-0800 ext. 1232.

Sample label for Macaroni & Cheese

Nutrition Facts

Serving Size 1 cup (228g) Servings Per Container 2

Cervings Fer Container 2					
Amount Per Serving					
Calories 250 Calories from Fat 1					
	% Daily Va	alue'			
Total Fat 12g		18%			
Saturated Fat 3g	g	15%			
Trans Fat 3g					
Cholesterol 30mg					
Sodium 470mg		20%			
Total Carbohydrate 31g					
Dietary Fiber 0g	1	0%			
Sugars 5g					
Protein 5g					
Vitamin A		4%			
Vitamin C		2%			
Calcium		20%			

* Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet. Your Daily Values may be higher or lower depending on your calorie needs.

Iron

	Calories:	2,000	2,500
Total Fat	Less than	65g	80g
Sat Fat	Less than	20g	25g
Cholesterol	Less than	300mg	300mg
Sodium	Less than	2,400mg	2,400mg
Total Carbohydrate		300g	375g
Dietary Fiber		25g	30g

Quick Guide

- 5% or less
- 20% or more is High